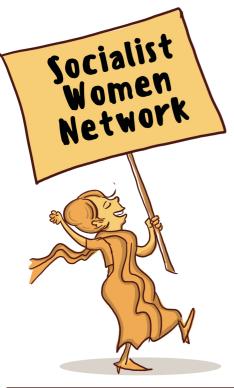
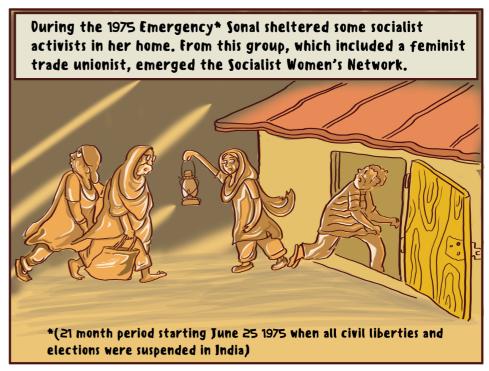
An icon of the women's movement in India and across the globe!



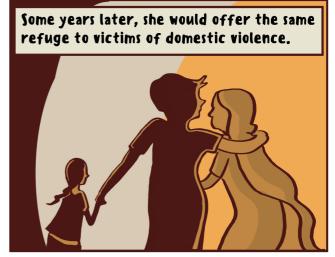
Text: Jyoti Punwani | Illustration: Sharad Sharma | Cover: Garima Sharma

## Sonal's journey makes her an icon across India and indeed the world!





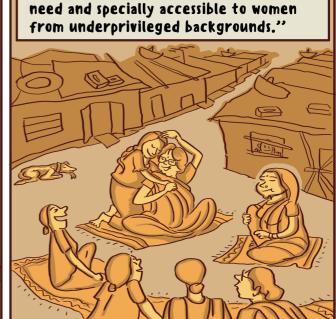




On the other hand, Sonalben\* is a friend in

## As Vibhuti Patel, Sonal's feminist colleague since 1977, puts it:





In 1979 came the infamous Mathura Rape judgment, where the Supreme Court acquitted two drunken policemen of raping a 16-year-old tribal girl, Mathura, in a police station.

This was a clear case of custodial rape in which the aggressors [policemen in this case] took advantage of their position of control over Mathura.



Four law professors wrote an open letter to the Supreme Court against the judgment.

This letter became a catalyst for women to come together across the country in protest.



In Mumbai, 49 women met to discuss how to take the issue forward. Sonal was one of them. From this group emerged the first autonomous women's group in Mumbai, 'forum Against Rape'.

In the words of Sonal...

"The judges had not even considered that Mathura or the policemen did not have scratch marks, because Mathura would have been stunned into inaction:



...they had not even seen the sheer difference in status between a poor tribal girl and policemen, that too inside a police station."



As a member of forum Against Rape, which later became forum Against Oppression of Women (fAOW), Sonal was part of all the ground-breaking campaigns that marked the women's movement in the 80s and 90s.



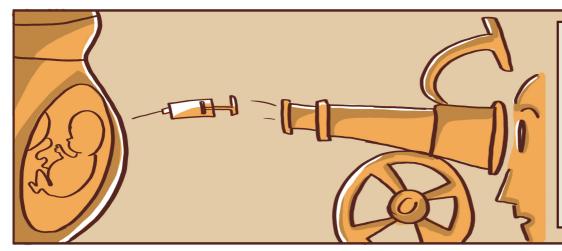
Noteworthy being the campaign to change the rape law, which resulted in the burden of proof of innocence being shifted to the rapist in custodial rape cases. The second campaign worth mentioning is the campaign against domestic violence, which threw up the practical need for shelters for battered women.



The Women's Centre was started from Sonal's home in September 1981 and remained there till January 1984.

India's skewed sex-atbirth ratio in favour of boys had become cause for concern by the 1970s.





The relatively new technique of amniocentesis had in India become a tool for families to find out the sex of the unborn baby and abort female foetuses.

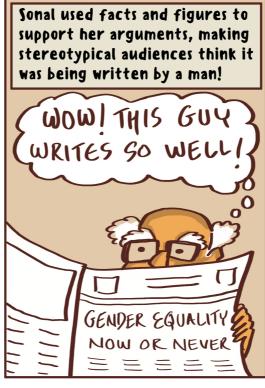
प्रसव पूर्व भ्रूणका लिंग प्रकट करना कानूनी अपराध्य है। PRENATAL DISCLOSURE OF SEX OF FOE TUS IS PROHIBITED UNDER LAW

FAOW became part of the campaign to ban such pre-natal sex-determination tests.

Sonal co-authored a paper on this in the monthly journal Seminar. These tests were banned in 1994.

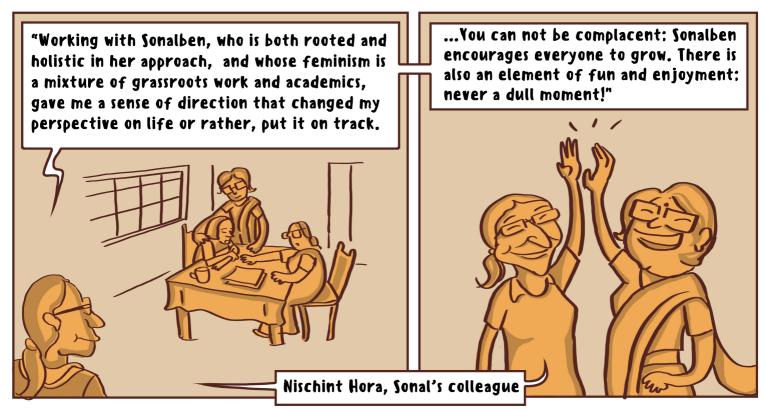








Those who achieve so much often turn out to be impossible to work alongside.



Vacha, the organization Sonal started in 1987, transforms adolescent girls from Mumbai's slums into confident citizens through educational programmes, resource creation, research, training, campaigns, networking and advocacy.



